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TWO CENTS.

RECESS UNTIL NIGHT

St. Louis Convention Prcceedings Halted.

AWAITING PLATFORM

RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE NOT READY TO REPORT.

Speeches and Music-Capt. Hobson Makes a Sensational Address.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.-When the national Remocratic convention reassembled today it was hoped by the leaders that the work might be concluded today and a sine die adjournment taken. When the delegates came together at the beginning of this, the third day, there yet remained to be accomplished the adoption of a platform and the nomination of candidates for Pres'dent and Vice President. It was appreciated that this might require three ses-

ments to the spectators. Oratory and stirring situations were promised in abundance. The report of the committee on resoutions and the discussion incident to the consideration of the platform recommended, were awaited with keen interest, as it was expected that this would bring forward some of the big orators-some who

The committee on resolutions was in session all night, working upon the draft of the party platform, and a number of conferences were held to consider the question of a candidate for the second place on

Knocking Out Gold Plank.

day was the knocking out by the committee on resolutions of the gold plank, which has been put in the platform. The exciting contests which marked the session of the committee throughout the night and the action on the gold plank were the talk of the morning hour. As the delegates arose their first inquiries were as to what the resolutions committee had done. W. J. Bryan they learned not only scored in the fight on the money plank, but secured a modification of the tariff plank.

When it was learned that the gold plank had been voted out, it was believed that the fight on the floor over the platform would be waged with greater vigor than had been counted upon, as there was promise of stirring scenes that would mark a climax.

which the democracy is to make a stand in the coming campaign.

Likewise the speeches made in the nomination of those to be the party's standard bearers, and the balloting which would result in the naming of the ticket kept the attending throng in expectancy.

The exciting scenes which marked the laugh.

tional assemblage of the democratic hosts, and that this might be the last opportunity to listen to the proceedings of the conven-tion stimulated those who had not been fortunate in gaining admission during the first two days to double their efforts to ob-

tain cards. Again the day opened with a hazy sky with promises of weather of much the same character as that of the preceding day, gradually warming up as the sun climbed

higher into the heavens. Increased Attendance.

time set for the opening of the session, and although not one in ten of them had an admission ticket or any hope of procuring one, they blocked the streets in every direction and gazed steadily at the dingy brick walls, where several thousand of their countrymen were, in stiffing heat and

The conditions inside the hall bade fair to be worse today than on any previous occasion. The heat was stifling even before anybody had entered the hall. It really seemed as though the air inside the hall seemed as though the air inside had not freshened up a particle during the night.

his voice on the virtues of William J. Bryan, and the moral obliquity of those who are politically opposed to that gentleman. A crowd gathered quickly about him and finally the band was called upon to After struggling against the thumping of

the bass drum and two dozen snorting brass horns the talkative gentleman went down and kept quiet. Chairman Clark arrived at ten minutes

"Home, Sweet Home," Cheered. from the resolutions committee, and Chair-

There was a wild cheer from the weary, perspiring delegates and spectators as the familiar strain floated out on the air. Anything with the word "home" seemed to please greatly, for the cheers were repeated a few minutes later when "My Old Ken-tucky Heme" was rendered. "Dixie" called forth the inevitable yells, and the Texas delegation added to the enthusiasm by un-

present elgar, and was greete, with cheers

and cheering lustily.

The messenger which Chairman Clark had sent to the committee on resolutions, returned with a gloomy report as to the readiness of that committee to appear with its important document, and the waiting

Convention Called to Order.

At 10:48 Chairman Clark arose and let fall his huge gavel. "The convention will be in order," he demandel. The clerk then picked up the

megaphone and announced that the session

would begin with prayer by Rabbi Samuel Sale of St. Louis.

The delegates and spectators at once crose to their fect, and stood during the invocation. There was no trouble in securing order, for the long delay had wearied the delegates and they seemed anxious for ac-

Rabbi Sale's Invocation.

Rabbi Sale of the Shaare Emeth Congregation (Gates of Truth) of St. Louis offered the following invocation:

"Oh, merciful and most gracious Father, we seek Thy presence in this vast assembly of Thy people, and humbly we ask Thy guidance in the councils of the leaders of Thy people. Thou rulest in the destinies of nations. Thou art enthroned in the hearts of Thy worshipers; and we serve Thee best whose lives are devoted to the cause of the just, the right and the nue; who give ourselves consciously in who give ourselves consciously in Thy name to the cause of liberty and justice.

"Oh, do Thou inspire those who are gathered here that they may deliberate with each other in the spirit of wisdom and understanding, in the spirit of knowledge and in the spirit of counsel, so that through their councils our people may go from strength to strength and our land may remain what Thou has destined it to be, the main what Thou has destined it to be, the foundation of human right and human liberty. Oh, inspire us as Thou drist the fathers of our country, with a patriotism pure and unselfish, and teach us that we serve Thee in serving the commonwealth and in safeguarding those liberties which Thou has spread abroad. Let not the glery of this day, our day, be less than that of our great past, and inspire every one of Thy children, from the least even un'd the greatest, with the love and Leal for the imperishable treasures which Thou hast intrusted to the keeping of our land for the wellbeing of all mankind.

"As in its great past this country has been the refuge and the asylum of all Thy ch 'dren without regard to creed, or clime, or tace, or carditions; so do Thou ins, re us a love of Thy greatest good, religious freedom and liberty, that it still may be the hope and refuge of mankind. Oh, may the ark of freed m's foundation not be held by the worship of an idol of material things, to the detrument and hurt of those treasures which a one can inspire the love of Thee and of liberty, and safeguard our country. Let it sail on that it may reach and for morkind, the haven of love of law and of liberty. And thus, oh God, to Thou guide those who are here gathered in Thy service and in the service of the people. May Thy Fearty, oh Lord, our God, come toon us. Establish Thou the work of our hands upon us, yea, the work of our hands estab':sh Thot today. Amen." At the close of the prayer an announce-ment was made, at the order of Chairman Clark, that he was determined to have or-

der "and that any person raising a row will be taken out by the police." National Committee Announced.

A demand was made for the report of the resolutions committee. As no response was forthcoming, it was determined to call the roll of states for the purpose of having the names of the next national committee an-

There were cheers at the announcement of the name of Robert D. Sullivan, as committeeman of Illinois, but the demonstration assumed larger proportions at the mention climax.

The greatest interest was taken in the principles to be enunciated, and which the call proceeded. The Pennsylvania delewould be embodied in the platform upon gation arose and sainted the announcement of J. M. Guffey as their national commit-

A call for the committee to meet at the Jefferson Hotel as soon as the convention As the clerk pronounced the words "sign

Another call was made for the report of have intensified interest in the convention, the committee on resolutions. As the call the convention commenced to work anticipation that this telephone vigorously in an effort to put the chairman of the convention in touch with the chairman of the committee in order to | his nerve. find out when he would be ready with his report.

Delay on the Platform.

Representative Ollie James of Kentucky moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to wait on the committee and ascertain when it would be ready to report. This motion received a Chairman Clark named Mr. James, H. D.

Delegate J. C. Sheppard of South Carolina created a wild shout by declaring that the convention wanted to hear Bourke Cockran After quiet had been restored it was stated that Mr. Cockran was not in the

A demand for C. A. Towne, "the silvertongued orator," was made, but Mr. Towne declined to respond.

In the anxiety to learn when the com mittee on resolutions would be ready to report the list of national committeemen had not been confirmed, and the oversight was remedied by a motion, which was carried by a viva voce vote, and the procedure

straightened out. "The clerk will call the roll," said the chairman, "for the list of honorary vice presidents," and the calling of the roll, de signed more for the purpose of keeping the convention quiet by giving it something to which it could listen, proceeded with much

the hall had moderated materially, the re-sult being due to a heavy rain storm that passed over the city. The relief, while not great, was sufficient to add decidedly to the comfort of the crowd that packed the hall. When the roll call was finished, Chairman Clark who was displaying decided ability in keeping up the interest of the conver tion during the tedious wait for word of kind from the committee on resolu tions, called on the band to play "America and asked the delegates and spectators to sing at the same time. His wishes were carried out, the entire convention rising and singing two stanzas of the song.

Hobson Addresses the Convention. A motion was made and carried that Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson of Alabama be invited to address the convention. Mr. Hob-

son accepted the invitation, and, in a few moments, made his way from the Alabama delegation to the platform. He was greeted with a loud round of applause and the usual cries of "Louder." He complied promptly with the request and revealed the best and strongest voice

thus far heard in the convention. "What has been brave enough to enforce the law against the labor union violator of law? It was a democratic President." he said, and applause greeted the assertion.

He passed on to the color question and declared that if when the black or yellow races came into contact with white people, if that race would not commit suicide it must remain absolutely distinct shout from the southern delegates

greeted the statement. He deckared that Booker T. Washington would soon outlive his undoubted usefulness if he did not cease to yield to the teachings and influences of the republican party and its chieftain. He urged the men of the west and north to refrain from oppressing the south by advocating anythi He deprecated the fact that in the republi can convention not one man had risen to speak against the plank in that party's platform which urged reduction of southern representation in Congress because of al

The Law and Labor.

Capt. Hobson said in part: "To my mind, in many ways this is perhaps the most momentous occasion in the history of our country since 1860. Grave problems have now arisen. Science has transformed the world. New conditions face us in our do-(Continued on Second Page.)

Titanic Struggle Over the Platform

THROUGHOUTTHENIGHT

HE HELD HIS OWN IN THE COM-MITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

Was Masterful, Dominating and Kept His Nerve, Apparently Holding the Whip Hand.

Special Dispatch From a Staff Correspondent. ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 8.-Intensely dramatic have been the scenes and incidents of the past eighteen hours. When the sun rose over St. Louis this morning it started a day which promised to mark an epoch in the history of the democratic party.

A titanic struggle was in progress be tween the radical and conservative elements of that party. Flushed by the demonstration made in his favor in the convention yesterday afternoon by the shouters and rooters of Hearst and the delegates of the silver states, and unabashed by the overwhelming defeat received at the hands of the delegates from the conservative states, Mr. Bryan returned to the meeting of the resolutions committee last evening to attempt to impress his will upon that

gathering All during the early evening hours, while the great Southern Hotel was ablaze with light, and the corridors streamed with earnest and excited men, anxious to know what was going on in the platform committee, that body struggled with Mr. Bryan. Midnight came and the fight was growing warmer. Darkness gave way to dawn, the electric chandelier in the big committee room paled before the increasing light outs de, and still the wearied mem-bers sat around the board. The breakfast hour came, fresh contingents of delegates and newspaper men who had snatched a few hours sleep began to fill the corridors, and still the radicals and the conserva tives hung at each other's throats, snarling and fighting over every word and phrase and expression in the platform.

Mr. Bryan Held His Own. In the committee, where the Utah vote as influential as New York, and where Colorado wields equal influence as Pennsylvania, Mr. Bryan has been holding his own He has defeated the adoption of the sound-money plank which the subcommittee, by a vote of seven to three, had reported to the full committee. He had secured the insertion of a more radical tariff plank than the eastern conservatives desired. He had insisted upon the adoption of a rank populistic income tax plank and held it as a club over the heads of the conservatives in order to have his will in he adoption of an anti-trust plant David B. Hill and the conservatives from

the east sat grimly through their successive defeats, looking forward to the time when they could go into the convention where votes should count in proportion to or die." the convention took occasion to the influence of the states. Bryan was masterful, dominating and cool in his dethe committee on resolutions. As the call meanor. Some of the committee became did not bring any result, the secretaries of fretful, and during the long hours of the night there were frequent clashes and outbursts of irritation and annoyance, Bryan maintained his composure and kept

His Last Stand in His Last Ditch. He was making his last stand in his last ditch, expecting if he won, to go before

the convention and in one of his matchless bursts of eloquence, to sway the delegates to stand to his support. The other great party leaders who were not members of the committee on resolusecond and was carried without delay. tions, went to bed at midnight and after, to be ready for the iray which was to com Clayton of Alabama and T. H. Ball of mence at 10 in the morning. When they got up this morning and found the committee still in session and Bryan apparently holding the whip hand they were aghast. The situation promises an ugly fight in the convention which might be fraught with possibilities of realignments of the dele-

gates on the question of candidates. Senator Bailey's Speech.

In the committee on resolutions the most important influence for the rejection of sound money declaration was exerted by the speech of Senator Bailey of Texas: "Take your gold plank and burn it up," he said to Mr. Hill. "Then you are not satisfied that six and one-half million of people are willing to drop silver without them to swear to their abnegation? aw is fixed, we admit it. Why is it any more necessary to declare allegiance to the gold standard than to swear allegiance to any other existing statute?

Throughout the long wrangle David B. Hill, with all of his years, sat tireless and watchful as any of the youngsters. "Look at him," said Senator Tillman of South He is afraid to turn around to Carolina. spit." And well he may have been afraid to abate his vigilance for a moment, with that square framed, thin lipped Mr. Bryan at the opposite side of the table watching every move and making most of the successful moves himself.
Mr. Bryan was assisted in his fight against the money plank by the southern committeemen, as well as those from the

Mr. Hill's Plank. Mr. Hill's plank as proposed was as follows: "The addition to the world's stock of money metals of \$2,000,000,000 in eight years, of which the United States has been able to obtain \$700,000,000, has settled the question of the money standard of this country and removed it from the field of

politics. Against that proposition the objection was raised that it was a "Wall street suggestion," that it savored too much of August Belmont. Mention of Belmont's name fired the suspicious southerners, who were already jealous of the influence of Belmon and Hill to proceedings, and they went with

Working for Harmony. At 9:30 o'clock a little group of commit-

Bryan.

teemen emerged from the room. Senators Railey Dubois Newlands and ex-Senator Cannon started for the cafe to get a not of coffee. "We have been at it fourteen hours without a break," said one of the group, "and we are not through yet. We are trying to prevent a minority report and we yet hope to avoid it. Some of the committee were disposed to nag Mr. Bryan, but the main disposition was to deal conharmony. We are making interest sions, and if it is possible to do so will go before the committee without precipitating

Another Dramatic Scene

There was another dramatic scene when the resolutions committee concluded its labors. A volley of handclapping in the committee room announced to the crowd packing the long corridor that the end had been reached, and must have been harmonious. Then the door sprang open and out dashed big Ollie James of Kentucky and big Captain Clayton of Alabama. "It's a complete agreement, boys, and no minority report," shouted Capt. Clayton, and the assembled crowd gave a cheer.

and each one was good natured, with his face wreathed in smiles. Bryan and Hill both wore a broad grin. Bryan and Cannon, who had tilted with each other in the committee meeting stood in the corridor with their arms around each other. with their arms around each other.
"How about the money plank?" Mr.
Bryan was asked.
"It is something that none of us want,

"It is something that hole of us want, but that all of us can stand on," he said. That expression represents the dominant feature of the committee's work. Everything was subordinated to the one great aim of bringing the two wings of the party

together.
They do not, at this time, look forward to what effect the failure of the platform to declare on the money question will have on the voters. The all-important feature is that there is harmony between the fac-

Other Expressions. When Senator Tillman came out of the

committee on resolutions he said: "We have performed a miracle to har-

mony.' When Senator Dubois came out an easterner plumped at him the question:

"Don't you believe your silence on the money plank will lose you New York?"
"Why should it?" replied Senator Dubois.
"Doesn't Wall street have sense enough to know that if we did elect the President and the House we could not change the gold standard law? What's the use of declaring ourselves against an issue that is not up, any more than there would be in reafin the issue?"

As the delegates began to gather in the lobbies after the convention took a recess they animatedly discussed the omission of

reference to the money question.

Mr. Bryan's terse expression, "It's a plank none of us want, but which all can stand on." seemed to express the opinion

Home Rule and the District.

The platform omits any reference to ome rule for the District of Columbia. It ecommends home rule for the territories. In committee the argument was made that on account of the peculiar relations of the District to the federal government and the fact that it can never be a state the home rule principle is not applicable.

Vice Presidency in the Air.

The vice presidency is still in the air. Governor Dockery's friends are making a strong fight for him. Governor Beckham

of Kentucky is also in the running. Mr. Cowherd Well Pleased.

"I am very well pleased to see that there has been a compromise on the platform," said Representative Cowherd, chairman of the democratic congressional committee, today, "as it will solidify the party. When there is a compromise between contending factions there is no excuse for boiting, and there will be no bolting the action of the convention. I think the prospect for an ending of the convention in good form is

Tammany Striving for Prominence. Tammany Hall made an unsuccessful effort today to secure prominence in the convention. After it was known that there would be a delay in hearing from the committee on platform and delegates had been appointed to ascertain when that committee would be ready to report a Tammanyite arose and suggested that Mr. Bourke Cockran of New York be called on to address the convention. There was nothing before the convention that Mr. Cockran could have talked about, and no rement provide amusement, why he should be called on at such a time.

There were cheers from some of the galleries, but among the delegates outside the Tammany ranks there was an entire lack of approval of this suggestion. Chairman Champ Clark simply ignored the call of the Tammanyites for the New York orator.

Hobson Lets Himself Loose.

Calls for Cockran were later resumed, and then, without apparent reason, Hobson of Alabama went to the platform and undertook to keep the assemblage quiet until the resolutions committee should send in its report. Mr. Hobson had not spoken long before there was a cold shiver passing over the great body of the delegates, who feared he would prove a Burchard of this democratic party. He extolled President Cleveland as the one President who "had the courage to enforce the law against the labor unions."

He took up the race question, and denounced the President for his action on the Crum case. The applause that was heard was entirely in the galleries. Delegates sat in their places wondering what was

Hobson had been received at the platform or a speech largely to stop the calls for Cockran. It was with great relief that the delegates heard Hobson conclude his re-marks, as they realized that whatever he might say of an injudicious nature be interpreted in the country as in a way representing the sentiment of the dele

N. O. M.

WILL NOTIFY CANDIDATES.

Prohibitionists to Hold Meeting in Indianapolis July 22.

CHICAGO, July 8.-The Rev. Silas C. Swallow of Harrisburg, Pa. prohibition candidate for President, will receive official notification of his nomination in Indianapolis on Friday evening, July 22. The meeting will take place in Tomlinson Hall, where Dr. Swallow was nominated. A. G. Wolfenbarger of Lincoln, Neb., permanent chairman of the convention, will deliver the notification address.

The notification committee consists of one member from each state and territory, Mr. Wolfenbarger acting as chairman. In the afternoon of that day there will be a meeting of the national executive committee for the purpose of conference with the candidate and for deliberation as to different phases of the campaign.

It is expected that the vice presidential candidate, Mr. George W. Carroll of Beau-

ont, Tex., will receive his notification at the same time from Homer L. Castle of Pittsburg, temporary chairman of the convention and chairman of the committee to notify the vice presidential candidate.

SILVER SERVICE FOR DENVER. New Cruiser Starts on First Trip Since

Commissioned. PHILADELPHIA, July 8.-The new United States cruiser Denver, which has been lying at League Island navy yard for several weeks, left for Galveston, Text, today. The object of the trip, the first since the vessel has been placed in commission, is to receive a \$5,000 silver service, the gift of the citizens of Denver.

It is expected that the presentation will be made on Tuesday. The mayor of Denver, who will make the presentation speech, and 1,000 citizens will go to Galveston. The ship contains a full complement of officers and men. Commander Murdoch will accept the gift of silver on behalf of the navy. It is expected that the Denver will be ordered to join the European

FATAL CLOUDBURST.

Two Boys Lose Their Lives Near Pittsburg-Property Damage.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 8.—As the result of a cloudburst at the headwaters of Turtle creek, near here, last night two boys lost their lives, telephone and telegraph wires are down, many buildings are damaged and hundreds of men are temporarily thrown out of employment. One by one the committeemen came out The damage to property will be heavy.

NEARLY A BIG MISTAKE

Norris Delegates Almost Unseated.

SCHULTEIS' MOTION

UPROAR SO GREAT THAT IT WAS NOT UNDERSTOOD.

Suggestion That in Future Conventions the Hall Be Only Large Enough to Hold the Delegates.

Special Dispatch From a Staff Correspondent. ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 8.-Before leaving here an effort will be made by William Cranch McIntyre of the District of Columbia delegation to have the committee on rules and order of business take such action as will result in the holding of the next national democratic convention in a hall only large enough to accommodate the people whose presence is absolutely necessary for the conduct of the business. Delegate McIntyre will be backed by many delegates n this movement, which is the result of the difficulty experienced yesterday afternoon in conducting the business of the convention. There is enough enthusiasm of the noisy kind here to run several conventions. The enthusiasm is aroused by the slightest provocation and without special regard to anything except the desire on the part of men that fill the upper galleries to shout and gesticulate in the wildest fashion, The delegates themselves are taking the convention rather coolly; only occa-sionally does any demonstration make itself shown among them, and then its purpose can generally be understood. But the galleries, unable to hear what is going on, find more amusement in making noise than anything else. Today a man arose and in a voice that could be heard

we proceed to make a noise." The motion was adopted. Very Near a Mistake.

all over the hall exclaimed. "I move that

Yesterday afternoon the noise in the convention hall was so great that the convention came very near voting to lay | for the relief of the people. Brigadier Genon the table the report from the credentials committee favoring the seating of the Norris delegates from the District of Columbia, This was because the delegates did not understand the effect of the monot not they were to vote upon. An explanation was given them of the motion only after the greatest difficulty. It was late in the afternoon when the District case was reached.

When it came up Herman J. Schulteis pushed his way to the platform, fought the crowd, and asked Chairman Williams to permit him to address the convention opposition to the majority report and in avor of the report ing in favor of seating the Hearst delega-tion. Mr. Schulteis used practically the same language that was used before the declar committees favoring the seating of his He claimed that the election delegation. in the District had been irregular and with-out regard to the rules laid down for that purpose. Although without standing before the convention he concluded by moving to so amend the report that the Hearst dele gates be given half of the vote of the

Mr. Hay of the District delegation was on his feet at once with a motion to lay the Schulteis amendment on the table There was an uproar that made it impos sible for any one to understand clearly what was being done.

Delegate Miles of Maryland asked the chair to explain the effect of the Hay mo-The vote was being taken and friends of District delegates were voting in favor of the motion, when the chairman an-nounced that if carried the motion would lay the report of the committee table and Norris delegates would be high and dry out of the convention. As soon as this could be understood in the uproar the motion was voted down, the amendment was voted down, and the report adopted, thus finally concluding the fight over the District delegation and seating the Norris men in the permanent or ganization of the convention.

Claims of Norris Delegates Defended. Before the vote on the committee's report was taken Chairman Head of the committee on credentials defended the claims of the Norris delegates, saying that the chronic bolting in the District of Columbia without reasonable ground ought not to be countenanced. Gustav V. Menzies of Indifavor of the resolution and against the proposition to divide the vote of the Dis-

trict between the two delegations. District Delegates for Cockrell on

First Ballot. The delegates have not yet declared in favor of any candidate for the presidential nomination. They will be in a splendid po sition to vote for Parker should the call of the roll of the states indicate that the New York jurist has two-thirds of the dele-The District will not be called until after all the states have cast their votes that time it will be made clear just what strength has been developed by Parker. Should the Parker strength show a falling off in votes, it is understood, the District delegates will vote for Cockrell of

Missouri on the first vote. Mr. Norris' Statement.

James L. Norris, national committeeman, made the following statement today in reference to the action of the convention: "The democratic national convention has by an overwhelming majority vote seated our duly elected delegates, and denied all the contentions of the contestants from Washington. For this reason we feel proud of it, as it accentuates the fairness of the late primary elections in Washington and

the city convention. "In this hour of our triumph, brought about by the indefatigable work of delegates here with me, viz. William Cranch McIntyre, J. Fred Kelly, John F. Monahan, John G. Campbell and Edwin B. Hay, and our many Washington friends who have been here and who have also worked labor-lously in our behalf, congratulate the thousands of citizens of Washington, to whom we are indebted for their loyal support, that the convention has so signally ratified their C. E. K.

CLEMENCY FOR LIEUT. AIKEN. An Officer Sentenced to Dismissal is

Allowed to Resign. The case of First Lieut, William B. Alken, 28th Infantry, stationed at the Presidio of San Francisco, which has been pending before the War Department for several weeks, was acted upon today by Acting Secretary Oliver, upon telegraphic instructions from Secretary Taft at Murray Bay, Canada. This officer was convicted by court-martial of various violations of the Army Regulations, including breach of arrest, and sentenced to be dismissed the

service. Powerful influences were exerted in his behalf, with the result that he has been allowed to resign, and granted two months' leave of abesnce, with the understanding and Hudson companies, or to any one else.

that his resignation as an officer of the army shall take effect on the expiration of his leave of absence. Lieutenant Alken is a native of Tennesee, and during the Spanish war served a a private and sergeant in the 6th United States Volunteer Infantry. He afterward served in the Philippines as second Heuten-ant, 37th United States Volunteer Infantry. In February, 1901, he was appointed first lieutenant, 28th Regular Infantry, and has served with that regiment ever since.

FINNS BREATHE EASIER.

Finnish Journal's Comment on Czar's Recent Rescript.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, July 8.-The Unisumetar, organ of the Old Finnish party,

"Emperor Nicholas' recent rescript (on the subject of Finland, comes like a refreshing breeze, reviving our courage and hope, which had almost departed. We again breathe easier, after learning from his majesty that Finlands welfare depends solely on peaceful conditions under the joint rule of the Russian crown and Finland's institutions. That is what the Fin-

"The road toward a mutual understanding is now much clearer and will be inaugurated when the diet meets and lays before the hrone the needs and wishes of Finland. The paper concludes with greeting Prince Obolensky, the newly appointed governor general of Finland, as the exequatur of the lews expressed in the rescript.

GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

Employes of Twenty-One Additional Chicago Firms Quit.

CHICAGO, July 8.-The strike of ladies' garment workers was extended today when the employes of twenty-one additional firms quit work. Most of the firms affected are small contractors who work for the

big houses. The total number of workmen added to the strikers' roll is estimated at 600.

APPEAL FOR AID. Army Rations Needed for Relief of

partment received telegrams this morning from Mayor T. B. Gilbert of Kansas City, Kan., and from Representative Bowersox of Kansas representing that 10,000 people have been driven from their homes in Kansas City by recent floods and asking that the commandant at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., be directed to issue rations as needed eral Bell, in charge of the general service and staff college at Fort Leavenworth, has been instructed by telegraph to investigate the situation and report at once the extent of the distress and the best plan of afford-

Flood Sufferers.

Acting Secretary Oliver of the War De-

COL. BRIGHAM'S SUCCESSOR.

Gifford Pinchot Said to Be a Strong Probability.

It is considered among the strong probabilities that the President will appoint Giford Pinchot chief of the forestry divisio of the Department of Agriculture, as assistant secretary of that department, to succeed the late Colonel Brigham of Ohio. Mr. Pinchot is a graduate of Harvard, an experienced man in the Department of of the President. He has accompanied the President on a number of expeditions for the cutting down of trees, and they have wielded axes together. Mr. Pinchot is thoroughly acquainted with the department and its workings, and is a scientific man of unusual attainments. As Secretary Wilson is a genuine farmer, the President may consider it proper to appoint a scientist to the second place in the department. Secretary Wilson himself thinks most kindly of Mr Pinchot and would be glad to have him as

his assistant.

Warships in the Adriatic. The battle ship squadron commanded by Rear Admiral Barker, and consisting of the Kearsarge, Alabama, Iowa, Maine and Missouri, touched at Corfu, on the west coast of Greece, yesterday, on its cruise from Piraeus to Trieste, at the head of the Adriatic, where it is to be joined by the battle ship Illinois and the cruisers Olympia, Baltimore, Cleveland and Maylower, now en route to that port from

Gibraltar.

Government System of Wireless. The joint departmental board, appointed to consider the adoption of a system of wireless telegraphy for the government, has been in session at the Navy Department for the past few days. The board is framing a set of regulations and will probably be in session for several days yet. The proceedings of the board will be kept secret until after a full report has been submitted to having already been decorated by the em-

the President.

More Trouble for Haiti. United States Minister Powell reports to the State Department by cable from Port au Prince. Haiti, to the effect that the German charge, Doctor Zummerer, has been unsuccessful in attempting to negotiate a trade treaty with the Haitian government similar to that concluded between France and Haiti. The charge is very at the refusal of the government to receive

vertures on that subject. The German warship Panther has arrived at Port au Prince from Newport News, and her presence may have some effect upon the proposed treaty negotiations.

Secretary Hay Back.

Secretary Hay has returned to this city from Jackson, Mich., where he delivered a speech on the 6th instant, and will shortly eave with his family for his summer home at Sunapee, N. H.

Leave for Capt. Hirshinger. Capt. H. J. Hirshinger of the Marine Corps has been granted leave of absence for thirty days.

Acting Chief Clerk. Mr. F. S. Curtis, appointment clerk of the Navy Department, is now acting also as chief clerk of the department in the absence of Mr. B. F. Peters, who has gone to St. Louis on business connected with the government exhibit at the exposition.

Gen. Chaffee and Party.

Yellowstone Park by Monday.

Gen. Gillespie, assistant chief of staff, is informed that Gen. Chaffee, Quartermaster Gen. Humphrey and party arrived at Fort Missoula, Mont., today and will be in the

Naval Movements. The Glacier has arrived at New York and the Wasp at Galveston.

Denies Sale of Railway Lines.

BALLSTON, N. Y., July 8.-General Manager Peck of the Schenectady Railway Company today denied that his company had sold its lines from here to Albany via

HOIYAN LOSS HEAVY

THE STAR BY MAIL

The Star will be mailed to any ad-

dress in the United States or Canada

for 13 cents per week, 25 cents for

two weeks or 50 cents per month,

postage prepaid. Payment to be

made INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. The address may be changed as frequently as desired. Always give the

old as well as the new address.

Liac-Yang Reports Japs Lost 600 Killed, 500 Wounded.

RECENT NIGHT ATTACK

KUROKI TELLS RUSSIAN OFFICER JAPANESE PLANS.

To Take Possession of All Southern Manchuria-To Fortify Port Arthur and Yin-Kow.

LIAO-YANG, Thursday, July 7.-In the recent night attack at Holyan the Japanese lost 600 killed and 500 wounded. Gen. Kuroki, in talking to a Russian officer who had been taken prisoner, said the Japanese intend to take possession of all southern Manchuria, establishing themselves at Port Arthur and Yin-Kow (the port of Niuchwang), which it is purposed to fortify, garrison with large bodies of troops and supply with long range artil-

If the Russians then recapture these places, Gen. Kuroki declared, it will be at the cost of an enormous amount of money

and 800,000 fresh troops from Europe. Duties to Be Refunded.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 8.-It is officially announced that henceforth when cotton or woolen goods manufactured in Russia are exported to foreign countries or to the Amur territory, the duties paid on foreign material used in their production will be refunded. A rebate will also be allowed on

the duties paid on imported machinery used in the manufacture of such goods. THE BALTIC SQUADRON.

To Leave Cronstadt July 28 Under Sealed Orders.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 8, 1:20 p.m.-A division of the Baltic squadron will sail from Cronstadt July 28 under sealed orders. Complete mystery enshrouds its destination. It it said, although nothing is certain on this point, that the orders for the division will be opened at five-day intervals. Whether the warships are bound at once to the far east in advance of the other ships may depend upon naval developments at the seat of war, but there are attending circumstances which make it seem unlikely that the division will

star; on its long journey until the other ships are ready. It is understood the division will include the armored cruiser Admiral Nakhimoff, the battle ship Osliabia, the protected cruiser Aurora and the battle ship Alexander III, and possibly the battle ship Nane transport Kamtchatka. Great

stacks of charts were put on board the Admiral Nakhimoff, the Osliabia and the Aurora yesterday.

Pleased With Naval Situation. The general naval situation, with the Agriculture, and a warm personal friend Port Arthur squadron ready for sorties at will, and the Vladivostok squadron embarrassing the Japanese transport plans, compelling the constant presence of Vice Admiral Kamimura in the sea of Japan, is considered to have much improved. There is elation everywhere over the latest suc-

essful cruise of the latter. The admiralty expresses astonishment at the failure of the Japanese torpedo flotilla to drive home its attack on the Vladivostok squadron under the favorable circumstances squadron under the tavorable chromstances detailed in the dispatches received from Vladivostok yesterday. The admiralty thinks the Japanese missed a fine oppor-tunity through flinching at the last mo-

It is a matter of general comment at the admiralty that notwithstanding the energy and activity displayed by the Japanese tor pedo craft, not since the attack at the opening of the war, when the Russians laim they were taken off their guard, have

the Japanese torpedo attacks sunk a Russian warship. A Lesson of the War. With thirty Japanese ships engaged in eight attacks, without counting that of June 23, no Russian ship has been destroyed, indicating how difficult it is for

torpedo boats to cope with battle ships or

cruisers when the latter are prepared.

This is considered to be a lesson of the war, and as vindicating Russia's decision to continue her naval program for the construction of heavy ships. Viceroy Alexieff has conferred a long list of decorations on the subordinate officers of the Vladivostok squadron, the captains

Although no official announcement to the effect has been made, it is believed that the Vladivostok squadron returned to port sev

eral days ago.

PROSPECTS FOR FIGHTING. Strategic Plans of the Japs Puzzle St. Petersburg. With the return of three days' fine weath-

er, drying the roads at the theater of war. the military authorities here are once more inclined to believe in the probability of heavy fighting and even in the possibility of a general engagement. The Japanese columns appear again to be pushing forward at all points, but the strategic plans of the Japanese, as well as the location of their main force and the place where their chief blow will be struck, whether at Kai-Chou, Hai-Cheng, Liao-Yang or even at Mukden, are still puzzling the Russian authorities. In a general way the Japanese seem to be withdrawing their pressure southwest of Kai-Chou and Liao-Yang, but to be maintaining it northeast, as if contemplating a combined attack on Ta-Tche-Kiao and

Liao-Yang. Disconcerting the Russians.

The success of the Japanese flanking operations is disconcerting the Russians. One by one the passes in the mountains which the Russians had fortified in advance with infinite pains have been atacked by the Japanese, who have always managed, by trails not marked on the maps, to circumvent the Russians. When operating along the interior lines, with the railroad to facilitate the move-

ment of troops, the Russian general staff believes this fine quality of the Japanese will disappear, and that when the Japanese debouch into the plains, the Russians, who are accustomed to maneuver in a flat country, will be completely at home. RUMOR OF NAVAL FIGHT.

Diverse Statements of an Engagement

and a Russian Victory. ST. PETERSBURG, July 8-1:32 p.m.-It is reported in a special dispatch from Liao-Yang, under yesterday's date, that a persistent rumor is current there to the effect that a naval engagement has occurred at

Port Arthur in which twenty-one Japanese warships participated, resulting in a Russian victory.

A similar report was current at Liao-Yang July 5, the location of the engage-

Delegates Amuse Themselves With

sions, the last running into the night. Today's program held out special induce-

as yet had not been heard.

But the feature of the early hours of the

perfection of the permanent organization and have been sufficient to create a tremendous demand for tickets. might be the culminating day of the na-

The exciting debate of yesterday on the report of the credentials committee had the effect of bringing out an increased attendance at the convention this morning. Dense crowds of sightseers surrounded the building on all sides half an hour before the

try's good as estimated from the democratic standpoint.

A Talkative Bryan Man. As the convention proper was a trifle slow in opening, a long-haired individual in one of the galleries felt himself called upon to start things himself. He mounted a chair and addressed all those within hearing of

after 10, and was received with a few handclaps. Twenty minutes after the delegates were in their seats no word had been received

man Clark dispatched a messenger to learn when it would be ready to report. Private advices were to the effect that it would be several hours before the report would be prepared, and the prospects for a short session grew stronger. One of the secretaries called through a megaphone: "The band will please play 'Home, Sweet Home."

furling their lone star flag and waving it Temporary Chairman Williams soon came down the aisle, chewing leisurely at his ever The band was requested, through the megaphone, to play "On the Banks of the Wabash," and the Indiana delegation showed its appreciation by climbing on chairs